Colorado-Wyoming Chapter

```
### Details on Spring Meeting (April 20th)
### Rick Katz Talk at School of Mines (April 27th)
### Job Opportunity Scientist II Fair Issac.
### Chapter Spring Meeting Friday April 20th
### National Center for Atmospheric Research Mesa Lab, Boulder
Once again the Spring Chapter meeting is being held at the National
Center for Atmospheric Research's beautiful NCAR lab. Located in the
hills above Boulder, the setting for the meeting is alone worth the
trip. More details about the lab are at
http://eo.ucar.edu/what/archl.html . We have talks covering a wide variety of topics. This reflects the wide variety of interests within our group. Again, if you are interested there is a tour of the Vislab
prior to the beginning of the talks. Beautiful weather guaranteed.
Tentative Schedule
                           Coffee and Refreshments Vislab Tour
8:45 - 9:30
9 - 9:30
9:30 - 9:45
                           Welcome
9:45-10:15
                           Ben Houston
                                             Statistical Process Control
                                           Estimation for Non-negative
                           Yu Yang (CSU)
10:15-10:30
         Levy-driven Ornstein-Uhlenbeck Processes
10:30-10:45 Bo Li (GSP)
The ``Hockey Stick" and the 1990s: A
Statistical Perspective on Reconstructing Hemispheric Temperatures
11:15-12:00
                  Kari Caufman (UNC- SAMSI)
         Covariance Tapering for Likelihood Based Estimation in Large
                  Spatial Datasets
12:00-12:15
                  Sonya Heltshe (UCHS)
                  Length-biased sampling in cancer screening with
                           variable test sensitivity
12:15-1:15
                  Lunch
115-130 C
                  Chapter Activities
130-2:15
                  Hari Iyer (CSU)
         Fiducial Inference of R. A. Fisher -- History, Applications,
                  and Generalizations
215 - 230
                  Brandi Wagner - Health Science
         Permutation Based Adjustments for the Significance of Partial
         Regression Coefficients in Microarray Data Analysis
         Mark Labovitz (CU - Denver)
Simulating the Behavior of Target Maturity Funds
230 - 245
245 - 3
                  Break
         Ashlyn Hutchinson (Mines)
A Comparison of Methods to Determine Bioequivalence of Topical
3 - 315
                  Dermatological Drug Products
3:15 - 4
                  Brian Wien (Gilead)
         Multiple Comparisons in Clinical Trials for Regulatory Purposes
                  Reception - beer and wine.
Directions:
Directions to the Mesa lab are found below. Also note that NCAR runs
a shuttle service that connects with RTD buses. Contact me for
further details.
http://www.ucar.edu/org/mesalabmap.shtml
Selected Abstracts
Multiple Comparisons in Clinical Trials for Regulatory Purposes: A
Brief Overview with Discussion
Brian L. Wiens
Gilead Colorado, Inc.
We consider the problem of multiple hypothesis tests in clinical
trials aimed at supporting regulatory approval of a new medical
therapeutic. Sponsors (generally pharmaceutical companies) must plan a
```

multiple comparison procedure that allows for precise differentiation of an investigational product compared to placebo. This often begins with specification of one or more primary endpoints, one or more secondary endpoints, etc. This can be complicated by the use of multiple treatment groups such as multiple doses or multiple regimens of the investigational product. The current trend seems to be toward using more complicated study designs due to factors such as increased sophistication of clinical trial specialists and a desire for faster, more efficient drug development. We discuss the regulatory hurdles and some ways that statisticians are approaching them, including some state-of-the-art procedures for handling multiple comparisons such as fallback, gatekeeping and tree-structured tests.

Covariance Tapering for Likelihood Based Estimation in Large Spatial Datasets

Cari Kaufman, Statistical and Applied Mathematical Sciences Institute (SAMSI) and National Center for Atmospheric Research (NCAR)

Likelihood-based methods such as maximum likelihood, REML, and Bayesian methods are attractive approaches to estimating covariance parameters in spatial models based on Gaussian processes. Finding such estimates can be computationally infeasible for large datasets, however, requiring O(n³) calculations for each evaluation of the likelihood based on n observations. I will discuss the method of covariance tapering to approximate the likelihood in this setting.? In this approach, covariance matrices are `tapered,'' or multiplied element-wise by a compactly supported correlation matrix.? This produces matrices which can be be manipulated using more efficient sparse matrix algorithms.? I will present two approximations to the Gaussian likelihood using tapering and discuss the asymptotic behavior of estimators maximizing these approximations.? I will also present an example of using the approximations in a Bayesian model for the climatological (long-run mean) temperature difference between two sets of output from a computer model of global climate, run under two different land use scenarios.

Fiducial Inference of R. A. Fisher -- History, Applications, and Generalizations

Hari Iyer, Department of Statistics, Colorado State University

R. A. Fisher introduced the FIDUCIAL ARGUMENT which he used to derive confidence intervals for the difference between two normal means when the variances are unequal -- the so called Behrens-Fisher problem. He also used this approach to derive interval estimates in several other situations. However his contemporaries found a number of shortcomings with the fiducial method. It is safe to say that the fiducial method eventually fell into disfavor among statisticians. Recently the fiducial method appears to be enjoying a revivial of sorts. In this talk I will give a brief overview of the history of fiducial inference, give examples and applications of the fiducial argument, and discuss recent generalizations that makes the fiducial approach a powerful tool for deriving inference procedures. Asymptotic properties? and small sample simulations confirm that fiducial procedures have excellent operating characteristics in general. [Based on joint work with my colleagues Jan Hannig, Jack Wang, and several former and current PhD students from the department of statistics at Colorado state university].

Rick Katz Seminar at School of Mines Friday April 27th
"Assessing the quality and economic value of weather and climate forecasts"
3:00 pm in Chauvenet Hall 143,
For further information see

http://www.mines.edu/Academic/macs/About_Us/Colloquia/

ABSTRACT:

Much of the research on evaluating the quality and economic value of imperfect information, such as forecasts, has been either performed within the meteorological community or at least motivated by meteorological applications. Perhaps the most noteworthy aspect is the ability to produce well-calibrated probabilistic weather forecasts, through a variety of objective and subjective approaches. I will point out some connections to statistics, including the concept of sufficiency. I will also present some valuation puzzles, illustrating why it is so difficult to draw any general conclusions about the

economic value of weather and climate forecasts.

BIO:

Richard W. Katz is a Senior Scientist in the Institute for Study of Society and Environmental, National Center for Atmospheric Research, Boulder. He received a Ph.D. in statistics from Pennsylvania State University in 1974. He was one of the founders of NCAR's Geophysical Statistics Project. His current interests include the application of the statistical theory of extreme values to climate change. ### Job Opportunity Scientist II

Be a part of a team of highly motivated and talented scientists and engineers responsible for the development and deployment of the state-of-the-art predictive and decision models for collections and recoveries

Job Responsibilities

Design and develop innovative data-driven predictive and decision models to solve a variety of business problems in collections and recoveries using the latest technologies in neural networks, machine learning, data mining, statistical modeling, pattern recognition, and artificial intelligence.

For more information contact Tressa Fowler at? tressafowler@fairisaac.com or visit

http://www.fairisaac.com/fic/en/company/careers/opportunities.htm
check opening 2575 or scientist II jobs:

More job listings can be found at

http://www-math.cudenver.edu/statistics/jobs.shtml

--

Matt Pocernich National Center for Atmospheric Research Research Applications Laboratory (303) 497-8312

Cowystats mailing list

Cowystats@ucar.edu

http://mailman.ucar.edu/mailman/listinfo/cowystats

[Cowystats] COWY ASA Spring meeting information